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## **MERS-CoV Spike RBD antibody**

Catalog Number: ATGA0602

#### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

#### Catalog number

ATGA0602

#### Clone No.

AT18D10

#### **Product type**

Monoclonal antibody

#### UnitProt No.

K0BRG7

#### **NCBI Accession No.**

AFS88936

#### **Alternative Names**

Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus, Human betacoronavirus 2c EMC/2012, MERS-CoV, MERS, MERS-CoV RBD, MERS RBD, receptor binding domain, RBD, Spike RBD protein

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

#### **Antibody Host**

Mouse

#### **Reacts With**

MERS-CoV

#### Concentration

1mg/ml (determined by BCA assay)

#### **Formulation**

Liquid in. Phosphate-Buffered Saline (pH 7.4) with 0.02% Sodium Azide, 10% glycerol

#### **Immunogen**

Recombinant MERS-CoV Spike RBD (358-606aa) purified from Baculovirus

#### Isotype

IgG1 kappa

#### **Purification Note**

By protein-A affinity chromatography

#### **Application**

ELISA, WB

#### Usage

The antibody has been tested by ELISA analysis to assure specificity and reactivity. Since application varies, however, each investigation should be titrated by the reagent to obtain optimal results.



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#### **Storage**

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

#### **BACKGROUND**

#### **Description**

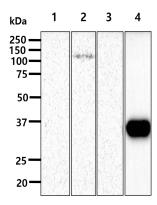
MERS-CoV, which causes the Middles East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS), belongs to a family of viruses known as coronaviruses. MERS-CoV was first identified in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in 2012, which is a single and positive stranded RNA virus. Dromedary camels are widely considered as the source of the transmission of MERS-CoV. The rate of human transmission among household contacts of MERS patients has been approximately 5 % based on serological analysis. MERS-CoV has four structural proteins, known as the S (spike), E (envelope), M (membrane), and N (nucleocapsid) proteins. The spike protein, responsible for allowing the virus to attach to and fuse with the membrane of a host cell and is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. MERS-CoV S mediates viral attachment and fusion to human cells via human cellular receptor DPP4, also known as CD26. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

#### **General References**

Junghyun Goo., et al. (2020) Virus Res. 278:197863. Yan-Hua Li., et al. (2019) Engineering. 5:940-947. Lingshu Wang., et al. (2018) J Virol. 92:e02002-2017. Nicolas Papageorgiou., et al. (2016) Acta Crystallogr D Struct Biol. 72:192-202. Xiao-Yan Che., et al. (2004) J Clin Microbiol. 42:2629-2635.

#### **DATA**

#### Western blot analysis (WB)



**Additional Information** 

The recombinant proteins (50ng) were resolved by SDS-PAGE, transferred to PVDF membrane and probed with anti-MERS Spike RBD antibody (1:1000). Proteins were visualized using a goat anti-mouse secondary antibody conjugated to HRP and an ECL detection system.

Lane 1.: Recombinant MERS Spike protein (ATGP3979)

Lane 2.: Recombinant MERS Spike S1 protein (ATGP3980)

Lane 3.: Recombinant MERS Spike S2 protein (ATGP3981)

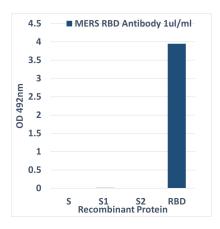
Lane 4.: Recombinant MERS Spike RBD protein (ATGP3982)



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ELISA: MERS Spike RBD Antibody (1ug/ml) specifically recognizes MERS Spike RBD recombinant protein, but not interacted MERS Spike, Spike S1 and Spike S2 recombinant protein recombinant protein in ELISA.

