

Recombinant human Adenylosuccinate lyase/ADSL protein

Catalog Number: ATGP1275

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Expression system

E.coli

Domain

1-484aa

UniProt No.

P30566

NCBI Accession No.

NP_000017

Alternative Names

Adenylosuccinate lyase, AMPS, ASASE, ASL

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Molecular Weight

59 kDa (520aa)

Concentration

1mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)

Formulation

Liquid in. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0) containing 1mM DTT, 40% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl

Purity

> 95% by SDS-PAGE

Tag

His-Tag

Application

SDS-PAGE

Storage Condition

Can be stored at +2C to +8C for 1 week. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20C to -80C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

BACKGROUND

Description

Adenylosuccinate lyase, also known as ADSL, is an enzyme that converts adenylosuccinate to AMP and fumarate as part of the purine nucleotide cycle. Defects in ADSL are the cause of adenylosuccinase deficiency (ADSL deficiency). ADSL deficiency is an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by the accumulation in the body fluids of succinylaminoimidazole-carboxamide riboside (SAICA-riboside) and succinyladenosine (S-Ado). Recombinant human ADSL protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E. coli and purified by using conventional chromatography techniques.

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Amino acid Sequence

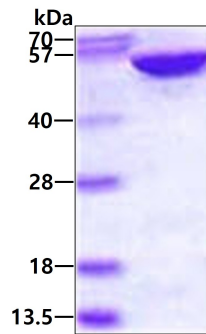
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VGDNTDLIIL RNALDLLLLPK LARVISRLAD FAKERASLPT LGFTHFQPAQ LTTVGKRCCL WIQDLCMDLQ NLKRVRRDDL
FRGVKGTGT QASFLQLFEG DDHKVEQLDK MVTEKAGFKR AFIITGQTYT RKVDIEVLSV LASLGASVHK ICTDIRLLAN
LKEMEEPFEK QQIGSSAMPY KRNPMSERC CSLARHLMTL VMDPLQTASV QWFERTLDDS ANRRICLAEA FLTADTILNT
LQNISEGLVV YPKVIERRR QELPFMATEN IIMAMVKAGG SRQDCHEKIR VLSQQAASVV KQEGGDNDLI ERIQVDAYFS
PIHSQLDHLL DPSSFTGRAS QQVQRFLEEE VYPLLKPYES VMKVKAELCL

General References

Marie S., et al. (2002) Am J Hum Genet. 71:14-21.
Knoch S., et al. (2000) Hum Mal Genet. 9:1501-1513.

DATA

SDS-PAGE



3 μ g by SDS-PAGE under reducing condition and visualized by coomassie blue stain.